OFFICE OF THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY THE 9TH JULY 1927.

A total of 12 attacks with 10 deaths from plague was returned during the week, the districts affected being Kolar and Shimoga. The Cities of Bangalore and the Kolar Gold Fields area continued to remain free from the disease while the Mysore City returned 3 deaths from this cause.

2. Comparative figures for the corresponding week were 57 attacks with 34 deaths in 1925, and 66 attacks with 36 deaths in 1926.

3. A total of 58 attacks with 39 deaths from cholera was returned for three villages in Yelandur Taluk, two villages in Goribidnur Taluk, one village in each of the T.-Narsipur, Channagiri, Sorab, Maddagiri Taluks and Koratigere Sub-Taluk and the Town of Bhadravati.

4. The State continued to remain free from influenza and relapsing fever.

5. A total of 13 attacks with nil deaths from small-pox was returned for one village in each of the Heggaddevankote and Arkalgud Taluks.

6. The total mortality for the Bangalore City amounted to 57, representing a calculated annual ratio of 25·00 per mille of population against the average ratio of 27·05 for 1926. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered 4 under malaria, 1 under pneumonia, 2 under other fevers, 6 under phthisis, 8 under dysentery and diarrhœa and 36 under all other causes.

7. The total mortality for the Mysore City for the week was 46, representing a calculated annual ratio of 28·46 per mille of population against the average ratio of 24·71 for 1926. The causes of deaths were plague 3, malaria 3, pneumonia 3, phthisis 2, dysentery and diarrhœa 5. and all other causes 30.

8. There were 40, deaths from all causes reported from the Kolar Gold Fields area equivalent to a calculated annual ratio of 23·19 per mille of population against the average ratio of 26·18 for 1926. The deaths were malaria 1, pneumonia 3, typhoid, 1 other fevers 3, phthisis 1, dysentery and diarrhœa 8 and all other causes 25.

NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY THE 16TH JULY 1927.

A total of 16 attacks with 10 deaths from plague was returned during the week, the districts affected being Kolar, Mysore, Shimoga and Chitaldrug. The City of Bangalore and the Kolar Gold Fields area continued to remain free from the disease while Mysore City returned 3 attacks with one death from this cause.

2. Comparative figures for the corresponding week were 57 attacks with 34 deaths in 1925, and 62 attacks with 30 deaths in 1926.

3. A total of 44 attacks with 31 deaths from cholera, was returned for 3 villages in Yelandur Taluk, 2 villages in each of the T.-Narsipur and Sorab Taluks, and one village in each of the Shikarpur, Kankanhalli and Goribidnur Taluks and Kortagiri Sub-Taluk.

4. The State continued to remain free from Influenza and Relapsing Fever.

5. A total of 5 attacks with 4 deaths from small-pox was returned for one village in Heggaddevankote Taluk.

6. The total mortality for the Bangalore City amounted to 57 representing a calculated annual ratio of 25·00 per mille of population against the average ratio of 27·05 for 1926. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered 4 under malaria, 4 under pneumonia, 1 under other fevers, 4 under phthisis, 7 under dysentery and diarrhœa and 37 under all other causes.

7. The total mortality for the Mysore City for the week was 39, representing a calculated annual ratio of 24·15 per mille of population against the average ratio of 24·71 for 1926. The causes of deaths were plague 1, pneumonia 7, typhoid 3, phthisis 2, dysentery and diarrhœa 4 and all other causes 22.

8. There were 34 deaths from all causes reported from the Kolar Gold Fields area equivalent to a calculated annual ratio of 19·71 per mille of population against the average ratio of 26·18 for 1926. The deaths were malaria 1, pneumonia 1, other fevers 1, phthisis 2, dysentery and diarrhœa 6 and all other causes 23.

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